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INVIBES ADVERTISING NV TECHNOLOGIEPARK 82 9052 ZWIJNAARDE

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Interim accounts

From January 1st, 2021 to June 30th, 2021

RSM n'est pas une entité juridique à part entière.

Organisme de formation N° 1175 52 896 75.



RSM France est membre du réseau RSM et exerce ses activités sous le nom RSM. RSM est le nom commercial utilisé par les membres du réseau RSM.

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Consolidated balance sheet

ASSETS in thousands of euros	Note	30/06/2021	31/12/2020
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Goodwill	2.1	2 100	2 100
Intangible assets	2.2	2 409	1 988
Tangi ble assets	2.3	702	421
Investments in associates	2.4	0	0
Non-current financial assets	2.4	996	1 284
Non-current tax assets			
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		6 207	<i>5 793</i>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories and work in progress		0	0
Accounts receivables	2.5	4 490	2 862
Current tax assets	2.5	408	413
Other current assets	2.5	2 818	2 393
Cash and cash equivalents	2.7	9 172	6 867
Assets held for sale			
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		16 888	12 535
TOTAL ASSETS		23 095	18 328

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY in thousands of euros	Note	30/06/2021	31/12/2020
EQUITY			
Share capital, share premiums		11 665	6 665
Other reserves		638	636
Net income attributable to the parent company		307	260
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT COMPANY		12 610	7 561
Minority interests		64	42
TOTAL EQUITY		12 673	7 602
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term financial liabilities	3.1	2 416	2 994
Deferred tax liabilities			
Long-term provisions		102	72
Accounts payable and other long-term creditors			
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		2 519	3 066
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payables	3.2	2 215	2 352
Current part of long-term loans and financial liabilities	3.1	3 374	2 652
(including current overdrafts and accrued interest)			
Tax liabilities	3.2	0	0
Current provisions			
Other current liabilities	3.2	2 314	2 656
Liabilities held for sale			
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		7 903	7 660
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		23 095	18 328

Consolidated income statement

INCOME STATEMENT in thousands of euros	Note	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
		6 months	12 months	6 months
Sales revenue	4.1	8 715	11 530	3 663
Purchases and external expenses		-4 538	-6 135	-1 942
Taxes and similar payments		-27	-43	-18
Personnel expenses	4.2	-3 137	-3 861	-1 672
Amortization and depreciation	4.3	-504	-814	-349
Other expenses and income		43	-95	-89
RECURRING OPERATING INCOME		552	582	-407
Other non-recurring income and expenses	4.4	-31	-55	-20
OPERATING INCOME		522	528	-427
Cash and cash equivalents' income/losses	4.5			
Interest expenses	4.5	-127	-161	-51
COST OF NET FINANCIAL DEBT		-127	-161	-51
OTHER FINANCIAL EXPENSES AND INCOME	4.5	-84	-101	-13
Gains and losses related to transactions	4.6 4.7	0 -1	0 9	-11
Tax expenses	4.7	-1	9	-11
NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME FROM		310	274	-502
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS Net income from discontinued activities				
NET INCOME OF THE PERIOD		310	274	-502
of which attributable to the parent company		308	254	-515
of which attributable to minority interests		2	20	13
Earnings per share in euros				
basic		0,090	0,087	-0,177
diluted		0,080	0,077	-0,177

Comprehensive income

Comprehensive income thousands of euros	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
transport the region	210	274	503
Income of the period	310	274	-502
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Change in translation differences	7	5	0
Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefits plans			
Deffered taxes on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Sub-total of losses and profits directly registered as equity after tax	7	5	0
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	317	278	-502
attributable to the parent company	315	259	-515
attributable to minority interests	2	20	13

Statement of changes in equity

Changes in equity table in thousands of euros	Share capital	Share premiums	Consolidated reserves	Translation differences	Annual net profit	Total shareholders' equity (Group share)	Minority interests	Total equity
EQUITY AT 01/01/2020	6 165	0	72	0	617	6 854	22	6 876
Income at 31/12/2020					254	254	20	274
Net losses/incomes registered as equit	y		-1	0	6	5		5
Total registered expenses and income	0	0	-1	0	260	259	20	278
Allocation of the net income to reserves	I		617		-617	0		0
Dividends distribution						0	0	0
Capital increase	500					500	0	500
Treasury shares						0		0
Shares issuance expenses			-51			-51		-51
Change in consolidation scope and other	0		0			0	0	0
EQUITY AT 31/12/2020	6 665	0	636	0	260	7 561	42	7 603
Income at 30/06/2021					308	308	2	310
Net losses/incomes registered as equit	У		8	0	-1	7		7
Total registered expenses and income	0	0	8	0	307	315	2	317
Allocation of the net income to reserves			260		-260	0		0
Dividends distribution						0	0	0
Capital increase	5 000					5 000	0	5 000
Treasury shares						0		0
Shares issuance expenses			-218			-218		-218
Change in consolidation scope and other	0		-48			-48	20	-28
EQUITY AT 30/06/2021	11 665	0	638	0	307	12 610	64	12 674

Cash flow statement

Cash flow statement in thousands of euros	31/12/2020	31/12/2020
Consolidated net income	310	274
Share of profits of associates		
Income and expenses registered as equity		
Income (loss) from non-curent assets disposal	0	1
+Tax expense	1	28
+Cost of debt	127	161
+Depreciation and provisions	504	785
Cash flow from operating activities before change	941	1 250
in the working capital requirement	_	
Change in the working capital requirement	-2 464	-430
Income taxes paid	-61	-30
Net cash flow from operating activities	-1 584	789
Investing activities		
Capital expenditure	-1074	-1976
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	379	0
Effects of the changes in the scope	0	0
Cash flow from investing activities	-695	-1 976
Financing activities		
Net dividends paid to shareholders and minority interests		
Received capital increase	4 782	1 398
Other change in equity		
Change in financial liabilities	845	2 889
Repayment debt and costs related to debt	-1 211	-910
Cash flow from financing activities	4 417	3 378
Change in cash	2 138	2 191
Opening cash position	5 132	2 939
Closing cash position	7 268	5 132
Effect of the changes in the foreign exchange rates	-3	2
Change in cash	2 138	2 191
Breakdown of the closing cash position		
Cash and cash equivalents	9 172	6 867
Current bank overdrafts	1 904	1 735

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company INVIBES ADVERTISING NV is a shareholding company.

The INVIBES ADVERTISING NV Group established its first consolidated accounts on December 31st, 2015.

The consolidated accounts are expressed in thousands of euros (KEUR).

1.1. Accounting principles and IFRS estimating methods

The company INVIBES ADVERTISING NV established its consolidated accounts on June 30th, 2021 in accordance with the IFRS as adopted in the European Union through the European rule 1606/2002 of July 19th, 2002, ratifying the IFRS. No IFRS 1 option is applicable.

For the preparation of the financial statements on June 30th, 2021 the group applied the rules and interpretations mandatory applicable from January 1st, 2021.

- Amendment to IFRS 4, insurance contract,
- Amendment to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16: reform of benchmark interbank rates.

For the preparation of the financial statements at December 31th, 2020, the group did not anticipate any standard or interpretation possibly applicable.

1.2. Determining accounting estimates and judgements

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of the historical cost except for the following assets and liabilities which are valued at their fair value: derivative financial instruments, held-for-trading financial instruments, the financial instruments classified as available for sale. They are presented in thousands of euros.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements according to the IFRS requires from the management of the group to make estimates and make assumptions which have an impact on the application of the accounting methods and on the amounts registered in the financial statements.

These estimates and the underlying assumptions are constantly established and reviewed on the basis of the past experience and other factors considered as reasonable given the circumstances. Thus, they are used as a basis to the practice of the judgment necessary for the determination of the book value of assets and liabilities, which cannot be obtained from other sources. The actual values can be different from the estimated values.

The judgments practiced by the management during the application of the IFRS can have a significant impact on the financial statements and the estimates present an important risk of variations during the subsequent period. Therefore, they are expounded in the notes regarding the goodwill impairment tests, the other intangible assets, the tangible assets, the provisions for risks and impairment of receivables.

The accounting methods were applied in a uniform way by the entities of the group. No significant change regarding the estimating methods was set up over the period.

1.3. Major operations

The INVIBES ADVERTISING NV Company has realized:

• A capital increase was carried out through private placement, without pre-emptive rights, in the amount of €5m. A total of 526,324 New Shares, with a nominal value of €9.50, representing 15.3% of the company's post-Offering share capital, was issued to existing shareholders and new Investors. This €5 million capital increase is potentially non-dilutive for the shareholders of Invibes Advertising because the Company has the option, in accordance with the conditions set out below, to repurchase all of the New Shares issued to the investors.. If exercised in full, the option would allow the Company to purchase the 526,324 New Shares for the purpose of subsequently cancelling them and eliminating the initial dilution.

Invibes Advertising plans to use funds raised from the capital increase as additional financial resources to ramp up its development in three strategic areas:

- Organic international expansion in a bid to extend its geographic coverage to Nordic countries, North-eastern Europe, Russia, etc. By expanding its geographic footprint, Invibes Advertising will be able to strengthen its pan-European organisation to meet the expectations of brands and major international advertisers, seeking a company capable of offering them digital advertising solutions managed all across Europe.
- Funding for R&D (Artificial Intelligence, Big Data) and develop of the new Invibes ID Network, based on the same
 principle as Unified ID Solutions, an open-source project launched by The Trade Desk in 2020. The aim of the
 network is to offer an alternative to third-party cookies, set to be discontinued by end-2022, to allow advertisers
 to continue realising targeted ads, rely on e-mails that website visitors agree to send, and analyse the browsing
 habits of users on multiple sites. With this new project, Invibes Advertising will be able to compete with GAFAM
 in terms of technological command, capacity for federating a dense and international network, and firepower
 when it comes to identifying and targeting Internet users.
- Financing of external growth opportunities. Invibes Advertising plan to focus in particular on targets holding key
 technological building blocks in the fields of Artificial Intelligence and Big Data, in order to generate potential
 synergies with these areas of expertise and to expand its databases to further improve the effectiveness and
 the interactivity of its campaigns.

Invibes Advertising NV acquired 801 shares of Invibes Advertising AG from a minority shareholder. The interest rate rose 8,01%.

1.4. Scope of the consolidation level

	Scope of the consolidation level						
Name	Headquarters	Siren number	Interest %	Method	Audit exemption		
	Pai	rent company :	1	·	'		
INVIBES ADVERTISING NV	TECHNOLOGIEPARK 82 9052 ZWIJNAARDE	836533938	Parent co	ompany			
		Subsidiaries					
INVIBES SERVICES SRL	Bucuresti GRIGORE COBALCESCU	30562825	100,00%	FC	✓		
INVIBES ADVERTISING	24 rue des Petites Ecuries 75010 PARIS	53745001400018	100,00%	FC	✓		
INVIBES ADVERTISING INC	1177 Avenue of the Americas, 7th Floor New York NY 10036		100,00%	FC	✓		
INVIBES SPAIN SOCIEDAD LIMITADA	FPC USAL Edificio M3 Despacho 101 C,P, 37185 (Villamayor) - Salamanca	B37563434	100,00%	FC	~		
INVIBES ADVERTISING AG	Schillerstrasse 7 80336 MUNCHEN	DE320810302	86,49%	FC	✓		
INVIBES SWITZERLAND AG	Langstrasse 11, 8004 Zürich	CHE-302.303.944	100,00%	FC	✓		
INVIBES FINANCE SA	Place de Paris 2314 Luxembourg	B42153	100,00%	FC	✓		
ML2GROW	TECHNOLOGIEPARK 3 BUS 26 9052 ZWIJNAARDE	676644086	50,68%	FC	✓		
INVIBES ITALY SRL	MILANO VIA GIOSUE CARDUCCI 31 CAP 20123	MI - 2566422	100,00%	FC	✓		
INVIBES ADVERTISING UK LTD	5 UNDERWOOD STREET LONDON UNITED KINGDOM N1 7LY	12130396	100,00%	FC	✓		
INVIBES BENELUX SRL	Prins Boudewijnlaan 5 Boite 10 2550 KONTICH	BE0747.591.173	100,00%	FC	✓		
INVIBES NETHERLANDS BV	KNSM-laan 171 1019LC Amsterdam	81142366	100,00%	FC	✓		
INVIBES SAAS OU	Sopruse pst 145, Kristiine district Harju county, 13417 Tallinn	16058148	100,00%	FC	✓		

FC: Full consolidation, EM: Equity method

All the companies of the scope close their accounting year on the 31 December.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by INVIBES ADVERTISING NV. The control exists when the company has the power to lead directly or indirectly the financial and operational policies of the entity, in order to obtain benefits from its activities.

The potential rights of vote which are currently practicable or convertible are taken into consideration to appreciate the control.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial methods from the date on which the control is obtained to the date on which the control stops.

The subsidiaries under joint control are integrated according to the equity method.

1.4.1 Entry in the scope

Nothing

1.4.2 Exit from the scope

Nothing.

1.5. Translation of the accounts and the operations denominated in a foreign currency

1.5.1 Translation of the financial statements of the foreign subsidiaries

The accounts of the foreign subsidiaries are kept in their functional currency.

The assets and liabilities of the foreign subsidiaries are converted into euros using the foreign exchange rate at the closing date. The elements of the income statement are translated into euros at the rate approaching the exchange rates at the dates of transactions, or at the average rate of the period if there are not important fluctuations in the rate. Equity is presented at historical rate. Exchange differences resulting from translations are presented in the translation reserves in equity until the date of sale of the subsidiary.

1.5.2 Translation of the transactions denominated in a foreign currency

The transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the current foreign exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

At the closure of the accounting year, the monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the closing foreign exchange rate. The resulting foreign exchange differences are registered as foreign exchange gains or losses in the operational income statement for the transactions linked to the activity.

The functional currency of the foreign subsidiaries is the local currency.

1.5.3 Foreign exchange rates used for the preparation of the consolidated accounts

Euro against foreign currencies rate	RON	USD	CHF	GBP
Closing rate				
Rate at 31 December 2019	4,783	1,123	1,085	0,851
Rate at 31 December 2020	4,868	1,227	1,080	0,899
Rate at 30 June 2021	4,928	1,188	1,098	0,858
Average rate				
Average rate from 1 January 2020 to 30 June 2020	4,8253	1,1032	1,0637	0,8772
Average rate from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020	4,8430	1,1470	1,0710	0,8890
Average rate from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2021	4,9081	1,2025	1,0969	0,8655

1.6. Intangible assets

1.6.1 Goodwill

All business combinations are measured and recognized in accordance with the revised IFRS 3:

The consideration transferred (acquisition cost) is measured at the fair value of the assets delivered, issued equity and liabilities incurred at the date of acquisition. Costs directly attributable to the acquisition are expensed.

The group uses the full goodwill method, which is the difference between the sum of the acquisition cost of the business combination and the fair value of the minority interests, and the net amount of the assets. Assets and liabilities assumed measured at fair value at the acquisition date.

Goodwill is determined at the acquisition date of the acquired entity and is not subject to any subsequent adjustment beyond the measurement period; the subsequent acquisition of non-controlled interests does not give rise to the recognition of additional goodwill.

The accounting for a business combination must be completed within 12 months of the acquisition date. This period applies to the valuation of identifiable assets and liabilities, the consideration transferred and uncontrolled interest.

If the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized exceeds the cost of an acquisition, the difference is immediately recognized in the income statement.

Goodwill is tested for impairment once a year at the same time. In the case of an allocation to a cash-generating unit in a business combination during the relevant annual period, the depreciation of that unit must be tested before the end of that annual period. When an impairment loss is recognized, the difference between the carrying amount and its recoverable amount is recognized as an operating expense on the "asset impairment" line and is irreversible.

1.6.2 Concessions patents licenses

The intangible assets which were acquired by the group are registered at their cost minus the cumulated depreciation and the cumulated impairments. In accordance with the IAS 38 "Intangible assets" rule, only the elements whose costs can be determined in a reliable way, and for whose it is likely economic benefits exist, are registered as assets.

No cost of borrowing is incorporated in the assets costs.

1.7. Tangible assets

In accordance with the IAS 16 "Tangible assets" rule, only the elements whose cost can be determined in a reliable way and for whose it is likely the future economic benefits will benefit to the group are registered as tangible assets.

The tangible assets are valuated at their historical acquisition cost, minus the cumulated depreciation and the noticed impairments.

Depreciation is calculated according to the expected economic advantages for each element of assets, on the basis of the cost of acquisition, minus a residual value when appropriate and when this one is considered as significant.

The different components of a tangible asset are registered separately when their estimated useful life, and therefore their depreciation period, are significantly different.

Improvements, technical installations and other tangible assets are estimated at their acquisition cost or production cost.

Depreciation is calculated applying homogeneous rates in the group.

Nature	Depreciation period
Buildings	5 years
Equipment	5 years
Other tangible assets	2 to 5 years

These depreciation periods are reviewed and modified in case of a significant change; these changes are applied prospectively.

1.8. Leases

According to the IFRS 16 standard, the assets used in the framework of a financial lease contract are registered as tangible assets and financial liabilities in the balance sheet, for the amount of payments to be made in accordance with the rental contract.

Rents are broken down between the financial expenses and the depreciation of the debt balance. The financial expenses are spread out on the duration of the contract, so as to obtain a constant periodical interest rate on the outstanding balance of principal for each period.

For the simple rental contracts which do not provide for the transfer of ownership of the asset certainly, the rent expenses are fully registered in the rent account in the income statement.

1.9. Impairment loss of tangible and intangible assets

In accordance with the IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" standard, when events, modifications in the market environment or the levels of activity (sales) indicate a risk of impairment, the tangible and intangible assets of the group are the subject of a detailed review in order to determine if their net book value is lower than their recoverable value; this value is defined as the highest of the fair value and the useful value.

In the case in which the recoverable value of the assets would be lower than their net book value, an impairment is registered for the difference between these two amounts. The impairments related to the tangible and intangible assets (except the goodwill) with a defined lifespan can be written back consequently if the recoverable value becomes higher than the net book value again (within the limits of the initially registered impairment).

The recoverable value of the assets is most often determined on the basis of the useful value. This one corresponds to the value of the expected future economic benefits of their use and their sale. It is especially appreciated with reference to the discounted expected cash flows determined in the framework of the economic assumptions and the estimated operating conditions used by the management of the Group INVIBES ADVERTISING NV. The group estimated these expected flows over a period of 5 years with a discount rate of 12 % at 31 December 2020.

The IAS 36 standard defines the discount rate to be used as the pre-tax rate reflecting the current appreciation of the time value for each market and the risks specific to the asset. It is the yield rate that investors would demand if they had to choose an investment with amount, due date and risks equivalent to the asset or the considered cash-generating unit (CGU).

AT June 30th, 2021, the group had not identified any events indicating a risk of impairment, it will perform impairment tests as at December 31st, 2021.

1.10. Accounts receivable

The accounts receivables include the invoices related to service delivery contracts according to the following principle:

The invoiced receivables are estimated at their fair value when they are initially registered. They are the subject of an impairment according to their probability of recovery if necessary.

The company INVIBES ADVERTISING subscribed to a contract to transfer its accounts receivables, with a full transfer of the guarantee to the factor.

1.11. Other debtors

The other debtors are estimated at their fair value when they are initially registered. They are the subject of an impairment according to their probability of recovery if necessary.

1.12. Prepaid Expenses

Setting up a network (publishers and agencies side) takes a long time. During this period we only incur costs (mainly wages, rent, networking costs...) that we can directly attribute to the set-up. As we only start to have revenue once the network is large enough we will spread the set-up costs over future revenue. We will use the accrual accounts (deferred charges) in the consolidation to spread these costs.

We will accrual these costs until the company has a positive contribution for 3 consecutive months.

1.13. Financial assets and liabilities

The financial assets and liabilities are made up of loans and receivables, cash and cash equivalents, derivative instruments and loans.

1.13.1 Loans and receivables

They include deposits and sureties, receivables related to non-consolidated participating interests, the other loans and receivables and the trade receivables. They are valued at their historical value.

When their value is lower than their probable recovery value, an impairment is recorded.

1.13.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include funds in the cash register and demand deposits, generally under 3 months, easily available or transferable on the very short term, convertibles into an amount of cash and presenting no significant risks of impairment. They are estimated according to the category of the estimated assets at the fair value against income.

The bank overdrafts repayable on demand which are an integral part of the group cash management constitute a component of cash and cash equivalents for the needs of the cash flows table.

1.13.3 Derivative instruments

The group did not subscribe to hedging instruments.

1.14. Loans and other financial liabilities

The non-derivative financial liabilities include the loans, other financing elements and bank overdrafts.

1.15. Provisions

In accordance with IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", a provision is recognized at year-end when:

- (a) There exists a present obligation resulting from a past event;
- (b) It is probable that an outflow of resources representative of economic benefits will be required to end the obligation:
- (c) The obligation can be reliably measured.

This obligation may be legal, regulatory, or contractual. It can also result from Group practices or public commitments that created a reasonable expectation among the third parties in question that the Group will assume certain responsibilities.

The estimated amount shown in provisions represents the outflow of resources which is probable the Group will have to bear to end its obligation. If no reliable estimate of the obligation can be made, no provision is recorded, and a disclosure is made in the notes.

Contingent liabilities correspond to possible obligations resulting from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not fully within the control of the Group or present obligations for which it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required. They are disclosed in the notes and are not accounted.

Obligations from restructuring plans are recognized and recorded as a provision when they have been documented in a detailed plan and announced or when their implementation has been launched before the closing date.

1.16. Employee benefits

1.16.1 Pension liabilities

The Group's workforce is not significant. Pension liabilities have not been valued.

1.17. Consolidated sales revenue

The business of the INVIBES ADVERTISING NV Group is the delivery of digital advertising services.

1.18. Other operating income and expenses

Non-recurring income and expenses correspond to income and expenses not arising during the Group's day-to-day operations. They are mainly characterized by their unusual nature and their material amount.

Non-recurring income and expenses include the following items:

- ✓ Disposal gains or losses on tangible and intangible fixed assets, equity securities, other financial assets and other assets;
- ✓ Reorganization and restructuring costs;
- ✓ Impairment losses of goodwill and tangible assets.

1.19. Cost of financing and other financial income and expenses

The net financial income/expense includes the cost of the net financial debt and other financial income and expense. The cost of the net financial debt includes:

- 1. Income from cash and cash equivalents which include gains and losses on disposal of cash equivalents, credit interests and income from exchange rates hedges on cash,
- 2. Cost of gross financial debt which includes all the interest expenses from financial operations.

Other financial income and expenses include gains or losses on disposals of unconsolidated securities, changes in the fair value of financial instruments (assets, liabilities, and derivatives), currency exchange gains and losses, and other financial income and expenses.

1.20. Taxes

The income tax (expense or income) includes the payable tax expense (income) and the deferred tax expense (income). Tax is recognized in profit or loss unless it relates to items that are directly recognized in other components of comprehensive income and loss; in which case it is recognized in other components of comprehensive income and loss.

1.21. Payable tax

The payable tax is the estimated amount of the tax due in connection with the taxable profit for a period, determined by using the tax rates that have been adopted at the closing date.

The tax rate used by the Group's companies is 25 %.

1.22. Deferred tax

Deferred taxes are determined using a liability method, which is a balance sheet approach, for most of the temporary differences between the book value of assets and liabilities and their tax bases.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities is based on how the Group expects to recover or pay the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities by using tax rates adopted at the closing date.

A deferred tax credit is posted only insofar as it is likely that the group will record future taxable profits to which this credit can be charged. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The effect of any changes in tax rates is recognized in profit or loss unless it relates to items that are directly recognized in equity.

The Group discloses deferred taxes on the balance sheet separately from payable tax assets and liabilities and classifies them as non-current.

1.23. Earnings per share

The Group reports both basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share. Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share are determined by adjusting the net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period for the impact of all common shares that have a potentially dilutive effect, which include in particular convertible instruments.

	31/12/20	020	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	307	818	254 129	-514 953
Number of shares	3 435	406	2 909 082	2 909 082
Number of shares on convertible instruments	391	541	391 541	0
Total	3 826	947	3 300 623	2 909 082
Earnings per share in euros				
basic	0,	.090	0,087	-0,177
diluted	0,	.080	0,077	-0,177

1.24. Shareholders' equity

1.24.1Capital

The Company's share capital as of December 31, 2020 is 11 664 959.33 euros divided into 3 435 406 shares, fully paid.

Each share entitles the holder thereof to a proportionate ownership right in the assets of the Company and in the proceeds after liquidation equal to the pro rata portion of the registered capital represented by such share.

1.25. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss for the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument defaults on their contract commitments. The risk comes primarily from trade receivables and investment securities.

Trade and other receivables

The group's exposure to credit risk is mainly influenced by the individual characteristics of the customers. The statistical profile of the customer portfolio, particularly the default risk for the business sector and country where customers operate, is without any real impact on credit risk.

The Group determines a level of depreciation which represents its valuation of losses related to trade and other receivables and investments. The main cause of depreciation corresponds primarily to specific losses related to significant individualized risks.

1.26. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the Group may have difficulty paying its debt when they fall due. To the greatest extent possible, the Group manages the liquidity risk by ensuring that it has sufficient available or accessible cash to cover its liabilities when they fall due, under normal or « tight » conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or impairing the Group's reputation.

Generally, the Group makes sure to have a sufficient sight deposit to cover operational costs expected for a period of 60 days, including the generated debt servicing payments. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances, such as natural disasters, that one cannot be reasonably predict. In addition, the Group maintains its credit lines.

The main evolutions and information about the liquidity risk are disclosed in Note 3.1. Loans and financial liabilities.

1.27. Market risk

Market risk is the risk of variation in market prices, such as exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices, affecting the Group result or the value of financial instruments held. Managing market risk involves controlling market risk and maintaining it within acceptable limits.

This risk is however reduced considering the insignificant level of the foreign activity.

1.28. Exchange rate risk

The Group's exchange rate risk is attributable to:

• The conversion in its balance sheet and its profit and loss account of its foreign subsidiaries located outside the euro zone. This risk is however reduced considering the insignificant level of activity of these subsidiaries.

To date no specific hedge has been arranged at Group level for this type of risk.

1.29. Interest rate risk

The Group is primarily exposed to the interest rate risk on its variable-rate debt and on its financial investments.

To date no specific hedge has been arranged at Group level for this type of risk.

1.30. Operating segment information

The main operating decision maker has access to financial data for each legal entity. The legal entities' business is the delivery of digital advertising services.

There is no specific type of customer for each type of service. There is no specific type of service for each legal entity. In fact the performance assessment and the allocation of resources of the Group by the main operating decision maker is based on an analysis of performance indicators without any difference between the legal entities and have the same economic characteristics regardless of the legal entity.

The Group therefore considers operating on a single sector, digital advertising services.

2. NOTES ON THE ASSETS

2.1 Goodwill

Goodwill en K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020
Net value at 1 january	2 100	2 100
Purchases	0	0
Divestitures		
Translation differences		
Scope variations		
Variaitons in impairment losses	0	0
Net value at 31 december	2 100	2 100

2.2 Intangible assets

Intangible assets (Gross value in K€)	Concessions, patents and licenses	Goodwill	Other intangible assets	Advances and prepayments	Total
Gross value at 1 January 2021	4 342	0	54	0	4 396
Expenditure	785				785
Divestitures					0
Currency retranslations					0
Scope variations					0
Other			-6		-6
Gross value at 30 June 2021	5 127	0	48	0	5 175

Intangible assets (Accumulated amortisation in K€)	Concessions, patents and licenses	Goodwill	Other intangible assets		Total
Amortization at 1 January 2021	2 409	0	2	0	2 411
Increases	350		5		355
Impairments					0
Decreases					0
Scope variations					0
Translation differences					0
Other					0
Amortization at 30 June 2021	2 759	0	7	0	2 766

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2.3 Tangible assets

Tangible assets (Gross value in K€)	Buildings	Technical installations	Other tangible assets	Advances and prepayments	Total
Gross value at 1 January 2021	414	23	325	0	762
Expenditure	299	31	64		394
Divestitures			-7		-7
Translation differences	-5	0	0		-6
Scope variations					0
Other			6		6
Gross value at 30 June 2021	709	53	388	0	1 150

Tangible assets (Accumulated amortization in K€)	Buildings	Technical installations	Other tangible assets	Total
Amortization at 1 January 2021	210	4	127	341
Increases	74	5	38	117
Impairments				0
Decreases			-7	-7
Scope variations				0
Translation differences	-3	0	0	-3
Other				0
Amortization at 30 June 2021	282	9	158	448

Net book value at 30 June 2021	427	44	231	702

2.4 Investments and non-current financial assets

Investments and non-current	Financial	Other Invest.	Total Invest.	Other non-	Total Gross value of	Non-current financial	Impairment	Net value
financial assets in K€	assets w/	Main affiliates	Main affiliates	current assets	non-current assets	assets held for sale	losses	
	equity method							
At 1 January 2021	0	0	0	1 284	1 284	0	0	1 284
Expenditure/Increases			0	92	92			92
Divestitures/Decreases			0	-379	-379			-379
Scope variations			0		0			0
Exchange rate variation			0	-2	-2			-2
At 30 June 2021	0	0	0	996	996	0	0	996

The main part of other non-current assets consists of:

Guarantee deposits and granted loans with maturity between 1 and 5 years.

2.5 Trade receivables and other current assets

in K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020
Gross trade receivables	4 529	2 902
Impairment losses	-39	-39
Net trade receivables	4 490	2 862
VAT credits and other	374	413
Corporate tax credits	34	0
Other tax credits	408	413
Advances and prepayments on orders	35	61
Accrued income and expenses	0	0
Other receivables	2 782	2 332
Other current assets	2 818	2 393

Detail of other receivables:

Other receivables in K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020
Social receivables	25	36
Debtor current accounts		
Deferred taxes	36	30
Misc. Debtors	367	491
Prepaid expenses	2 354	1 774
Total Other receivables	2 782	2 332

All the trade receivables and non-current assets have a one-year maturity.

Transfers of receivables to the factor amount to K€ 3 991 on December 31th, 2019, and to K€ 653 on June 30th, 2021.

Apart from the overdue trade receivables for which a provision for impairment loss has been accounted, the Group considers that it is not exposed to any risk of non-recovery.

2.6 Financial assets at fair value

The Group does not hold any financial assets at fair value.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Available cash in K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020
Cash	9 172	6 867
Marketable securities - Unit trusts		
Prov. Impairment. Marketable securities		
Total Available cash	9 172	6 867

3. NOTES ON THE LIABILITIES

3.1 Loans and financial liabilities

Financial liabilities in K€	31/12/2020	Current	Non-recurring	Fixed rates	Variable-rates
Bonds				0	
Loans from other financial institutions	3 513	801	2 712	3 513	
Financials debts IFRS 16	398	116	282	398	
Short-term bank overdrafts	1 734	1 734		1 734	
Accrued interest not yet due				0	
Total	5 646	2 652	2 994	5 646	0

Financial liabilities in K€	30/06/2021	Current	Non-recurring	Fixed rates	Variable-rates
Bonds				0	
Loans from other financial institutions	3 358	1 262	2 096	3 358	
Financials debts IFRS 16	528	207	321	528	
Short-term bank overdrafts	1 904	1 904		1 904	
Accrued interest not yet due				0	
Total Financial liabilities	5 790	3 374	2 416	5 790	0

Financial liabilities in K€	30/06/2021	- 1year	1 to 5 years	+ 5 years
Bonds				
Loans from other financial institutions	3 357	1 262	1 895	200
Financials debts IFRS 16	528	207	321	
Short-term bank overdrafts	1 904	1 904		
Accrued interest not yet due				
Total Financial liabilies	5 789	3 374	2 215	200

3.2 Supplier accounts payable and other current liabilities

Other current liabilities in K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020
Supplier accounts payable	2 21	2 352
Total Supplier accounts payable	2 21	2 352
Corporate tax		0
Total tax liabilities		0
Advances and prepayments	1	3 15
Supplier accounts payable - fixed assets	54	543
Tax liabilities excluding corporate tax	99	1 147
Social liabilities	56	624
Cuurent account		0
Misc. Creditors	4	93
Uninvoiced revenues	15	233
Total Other current liabilities	2 31	2 656

All the current liabilities are due within less than 1 year, excepted the supplier accounts payable – fixed assets.

4. NOTES ON THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

4.1 Operating segments

The Group operates on a single sector.

4.2 Salaries and social charges

Salaries and social charges in K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
External staff			
Salaries	2 965	4 038	1 745
Social charges	566	692	286
Capitalized costs (1)	-393	-869	-360
Employee benefits (Free share program)			
Total Social charges	3 137	3 861	1 672

(1) The personnel costs activated in development costs are presented in the income statement as a deduction from salaries and social charges

4.3 Amortization expenses and provisions

Amortization expenses and provisions in K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
Intangible assets	355	600	265
Tangible assets	117	135	59
Total amortization expenses	472	735	324
Net increase in receivable provisions	31	79	25
Total Increase in provisions	31	79	25
Total Increases in amortization and provisions	504	814	349

4.4 Other operating income and expenses

Insignificant amounts.

4.5 Financial income

Financial income in K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
Costs of bond loans			
Costs of short-term and medium-term debt	-127	-161	-51
Cost of gross financial debt	-127	-161	-51
Gains/losses of cash and cash equivalents (1)	0	0	0
Reversal of provision / Impairment loss on cash investments			
Cost of net financial debt	-127	-161	-51
Currency exchange gains and losses	0	-62	-3
Other	-83	-39	-10
Other financial income and expenses	-84	-101	-13
Total Financial income	-211	-263	-64

4.6 Gains and losses related to transactions

En K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
Value of shares exchanged	0	0	0
Net book value of the shares exchanged	0	0	0
Others	0	0	0
Total Gains or Losses	0	0	0

4.7 Tax expenses

Income tax expense in K€	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
Income tax payable expense	-7	7	-1
Deferred tax expense	5	2	-10
Total Tax expense	-1	9	-11

Tax proof:

Reconcilitation between the effective tax rate and and	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
the applicable tax rate in K€			
Income for the year	310	274	-502
Actual income tax expense	1	-9	11
Income before tax	311	265	-491
Tax rate applicable to the Company	25%	25%	25%
Theoretical expense at the tax rate applicable to the Company	78	66	-123
Impact from permanent differences	8	24	0
Fiscal deficit for the year excluding deferred tax	124	138	131
Utilization of prior years' tax losses	-136	-290	-44
Difference in tax rates foreign subsidiaries	-72	53	46
Total Tax expense	1	-9	11
Fiscal deficit for the next year	4 065	3 848	3 496
Deferred tax not activated	940	902	836

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

5.1 Off-balance sheet commitments

	30/06/2021	31/12/2020	30/06/2020
Commitments received			
Ongoing from the deconsolidated Factoring	653	3 991	1 329
TOTAL	653	3 991	1 329

5.2 Related parties

Transactions with the company

None.

5.3 Distribution of dividends

The Group did not distribute any dividends in 2021.